Transmit the following in	(Type in plain text or code)   Mr. Trot	nont ahan ahan ahan ahan ahan ahan ahan ah
Via AIRTEL	AIR MAIL  (Priority or Method of Mailing)  MIN. Ingr	
FROM: WSAN SUBJECT: FREE RM  The setting forth leaving Nash of the appropriate RM	MEMPHIS (157-140)  PREEDOM RIDERS  (MEMPHIS DIVISION) IN / SOET LAB ECUS  The are enclosed eight copies of Letterhead Memo information received concerning "Freedom Riders" fille, Tenn., 7/15/61, destination Jackson, Miss.  The opy of this memo has previously been designated to the offices of G2, ONI and OSI.  100-225892) (Encl8) ENCLOSURE	
ALL INFORMATION CONTAIN HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-26-2009 BY 6032		
PCC TO: REC'D AVE 18  ANS: 10	15 / 50 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 / 6 /	
Wish the second	AGENCY J. J. Oni, Osi & C. R.D.  RED. REO'D.  DATE 102:: Z/19/6/5  HOW HUSTY D: Pro-  1 CC org. Linet  1 CC org. Linet	
5 QJUI 25 1981	<u> </u>	
C. C. Wick Approved:Spec	SentM Per Dial Agent in Charge	_

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION 1104 Sterick Building Memphis, Tennessee July 15, 1961

b6 b7С

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

RE: "FREEDOM RIDERS";
RACIAL MATTERS

Student Central Committee, Nashville,	
Student Non-Violence Movement (NSNVM), Nashville, Tennessee	
advised July 15, 1961, that the following individuals arrived	
in Nashville, Tennessee, July 14, 19617 at 11 50 P. M. H. Vita	
Greywood Busserom New York City:	-
age residences, APPROX	£37.
New York, Phone	J
age residence,	
New York, Phone B. APPROX	
	- :
age residence.	
8. APPROX.	
New York, Phone	
age residence,	
New York, Phone B. APPROX.	
age residence.	
Florida, Phone	
had previously arrived in Nashville, Tennessee, via Atlanta, 8. APPROX. Georgia.	
	•
stated that the above named five individuals along with two additional persons named below, departed	
Nashville, Tennessee at 5:30 P.M., July 15, 1961, on the	
second section of the Greyhound Bus which normally de scheduled	
to depart Nashville at 5:15 P.M. He stated that the bus on	
which these seven persons are traveling is scheduled to arrive	
at Memphis, Tennessee at 10:25 P.M., July 15, 1961, and will	
thereafter depart Memphis at 1:15 A.M., July 16, 1961,	
arriving in Jackson, Mississippi at 5:35 A.M., July 16, 1961.	

157-387-690 ENCLOSURE

	The two additional passengers we as follows:	ere identified by
TEND !	residence.	age about Pennsylvania, B. APPROX
155/	residence,	age about APPROK
	New York City Phone	. *
(CORE), Freedom	Office, Montgomery, Alabama has Riders will go from Nashville, To	been closed and future

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

Tennessee to Jackson, Mississippi.

Director, FBI

FREEDOM RIDE 1961 RACIAL MATTERS; DESTRUCTION OF AIRCRAFT OR MOTOR VEHICLES; CIVIL RIGHTS

Free down Hid

One juvenile who was arrested in a bus depot at Jackson, Mississippi, on July 7, 1961, and three juveniles who were arrested in a Jackson bus depot on July 9, 1961, were adjudged delinquent by the Hinds County Youth Court on July 19, 1961, Each was placed on probation for one year All of them are residents of Jackson. and released.

Two hundred forty-seven freedom riders have been arrested at Jackson since May 24, 1961. Ninety-nine have been released on bond, four have been released upon the payment of fines, one has been released without the filing of charges and four have been released on probation. One hundred thirty-nine remain in custody.

a representative of the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) at Jackson, contacted an Agent of the FBI on July 19, 1961, and stated that he had heard that a Treedom rider fell from his bunk at Hississippi State Peniten. tiary, Parchman, Mississippi, and fractured his skull requested details and said, "we will want a complete investigation. was informed that no investigation would be conducted at this time since there has been no allegation that the prisoner was mistreated. He was further informed that the FBI could not furnish him any information concerning this matter but it was suggested that he contact the Sheriff of Hinds County, Mississippi.

Sheriff J. R. Gilfoy, Hinds County, Mississippi, advised on July 19, 1961, that Elmer Brown, who was previously reported to have suffered a skull fracture when he fell from his bunk at the Penitentiary on July 18, 1961, has been examined by two neurosurgeons at the University of Mississippi hospital.

1 - Mr. Mohr

1 - Mr. DeLoach

1 - Mr. Evans l - Mr. Sullivan

WLM:67101

Rul

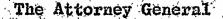
Mohr

MAIL ROOM TELETYRE UNIT



# The Attorney General

the coctors toung nothing wrong with the prisoner and could
find no evidence of a skull fracture. Sheriff Gilfoy was
returning Brown to the Penitentiary and he said that he would
furnish with information concerning this matter in the
event that contacts him.
It has previously been reported that
freedom riders from Los
Angeles who were arrested at Jackson on July 15, 1961, have
records of communist activity. The Jackson Police Department
has received information concerning these individuals through
the office of Senator James Eastland. The information is
based upon the records of the House Committee on Un-American
Activities. It has been indicated that the police will release
this information to the press and that Senator Eastland's
office is being requested to provide the police with information
concerning other freedom riders.
James Luther Bevel and of the
Jackson Nonviolent Movement were convicted in Jackson Municipal
Court on July 19, 1961, on additional charges of contributing
to the delinguency of a minor. Beyel was convicted on three
counts and was convicted on two counts. Each was
sentenced to serve six months in jail and was fined five hundred
dollars on each count, all sentences to run consecutively. It
is noted that on July 18, 1961, Bevel and were
convicted on one count of contributing to the delinquency of a
minor and each was sentenced to serve six months in jail and was
fined five hundred dollars. All charges were based upon
in sit-ins at Jackson.
CORE, and
were arrested at Jackson on
as they were picketing in front of the Heidelberg Hotel where
a meeting of southern governors was being held. They were charge
with breach of the peace in that they failed to move on when
instructed to do so by the police.



It was reported in the local press that seven southern governors or their representatives were meeting in Jackson with Governor Ross Barnett of Mississippi. They were to discuss economic development of the South and current problems including "counteraction against outside forces straining at the South." It was said that the states of South Carolina, Arkansas, Alabama, Louisiana, Georgia, Florida and Mississippi were represented.

The five freedom riders who arrived in Chattanooga, Tennessee, on July 16, 1961, departed by Greyhound bus on July 19, 1961, and spent the night at Memphis, Tennessee. They plan to leave Memphis by Greyhound bus at 12:40 p.m., Central Standard Time (CST), July 20, 1961, en route to Little Rock, Arkansas, where they are scheduled to arrive at 5:10 p.m., CST, July 20, 1961.

Further developments will be promptly reported to the Department.

- 1 Mr. Byron R. White Deputy Attorney General
- 1 Assistant Attorney General Burke Marshall
- 1 Assistant Attorney General Herbert J. Miller, Jr.
- 1 Assistant Attorney General
  J. Walter Yeagley



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

July 15, 1961

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION Richmond, Virginia

**b**6 b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

Re: FREE BUS

DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

Detective Sergeant	Charlottesville
Police Department, Charlottesville, Virginia	on July 13, 1961.
advised that a group of freedom riders consi	
white males and two Negro males arrived in C	
Virginia, via Trailways bus at 6:30 P. M., DS	
He advised that after arrival in Charlottesv	
registered at the Thomas Jefferson Inn Motel	
outskirts of Charlottesville, where they had	
spending the night, and made plans for spend Detective Sergeant advised that there	ing the night.
in connection with their arrival at the Trai	luave Rue Terminal
or with their registering at the Thomas Jeff	
He advised that the freedom riders group con	
following:	
17.	
4.3	•
N.J. N.Y. D.C.	e .
11 % D.C.	
The second secon	
<u> </u>	
On July 14, 1961, Detective Sergea	ntadvised
that the freedom riders group left Charlotte	syille, <u>Virginia</u> ,
on a Trailways bus, Number TC 649, at 9:40 A	.M. DST, and one
of the individuals purchased three tickets f	
Tennessee. He advised that there were no in	cidents in connection
with their departure from Charlottesville.	

On July 14, 1961. Trailways Bus Company, Lynchburg, Virginia, advised that the Trailways bus with the five freedom bus riders aboard it arrived in Lynchburg at 10:30 A.M., DST, on July 14, 1961, and none of the passengers left the bus in Lynchburg. He advised that there was no demonstration or incident of any kind and the bus departed after being in the station only a few minutes.

> 157-387-692 **ENCLOSURE**

Re: FREE BUS

	On July 14, 1961,
were take He advise Inn, Roan of July 1 group adv unknown.	advised that the freedom riders traveling the bus from Charlottesville, Virginia, arrived in t 12:02 P. M., EST, on July 14, 1961, and were met gro ministers of Koanoke, Virginia, namely and they, the freedom riders, and the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church in Roanoke, that a short time later they went to the Holiday toke, and registered with plans for spending the night 14, 1961, in Roanoke. According to the ised that their departure plans at this date were He identified the group registering at the Holiday oke, as follows:
Г	
L	Science Student, Michigan State University, East Lansing, Michigan
Ĭ	New Jersey
Ī	
ľ	New Jersey
14/1/2 [	New York City, New York, Student of Social Studies Howard University
ŀ	New Jersey
motel at o Trailways the Holida	Manager, Holiday Inn, Roanoke, Virginia, advised 5, 1961, that the group offreedom riders departed the 6:45 A. M., EST, en route to Knoxville, Tennessee, via bus. He stated that reservations were made through ay Inn, Knoxville, Tennessee, for the group to spend of July 15, 1961, at a Negro motel in Knoxville.

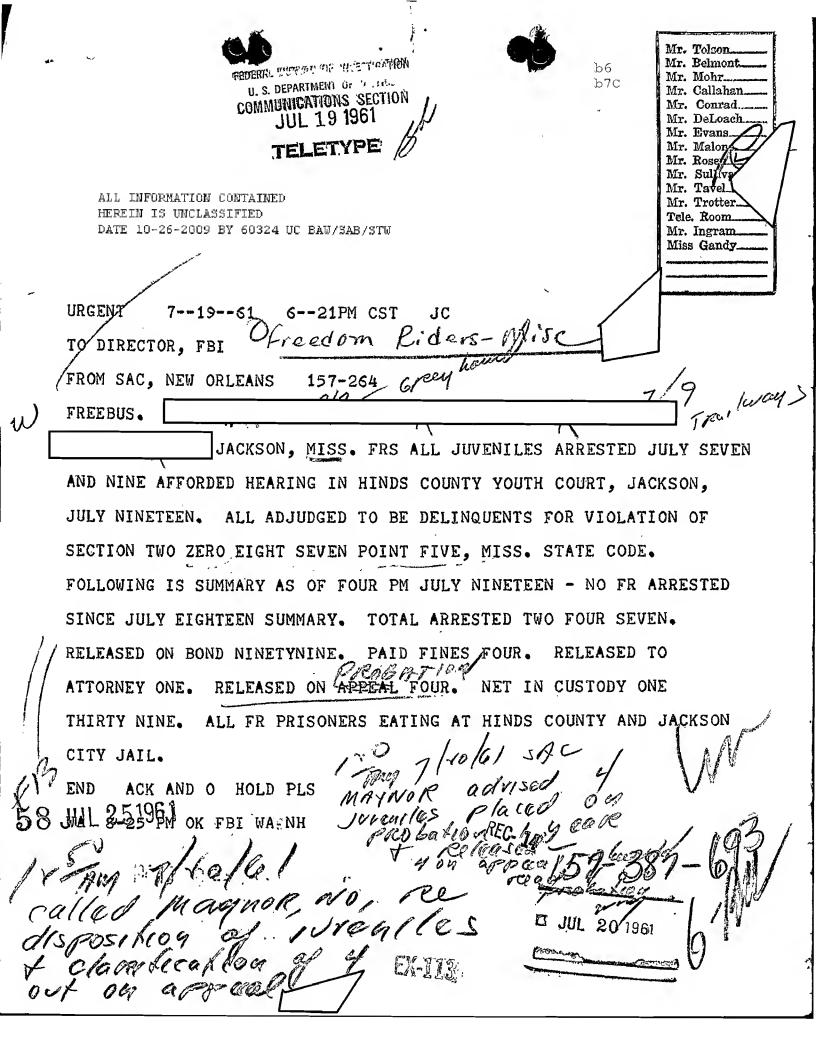
Re: FREE BUS

8:00 A. M., EST, on Tennessee Bus 650 en route to Knoxville, Tennessee, via Galax, Virginia, Sparta and West Jefferson, both North Carolina, Mountain City, Elizabethton, Johnson City, Greenville and Knoxville, all Tennessee. arriving at Knoxville 5:10 P. M., their time, July 15, 1961 informed that a meal stop was scheduled at Elizabethton, Tennessee, for 30 minutes and the rumor had been heard that the contract manager of the restaurant at Elizabethton will not serve the group in the restaurant informed that all the group had tickets for Chattannoga, Tennessee.

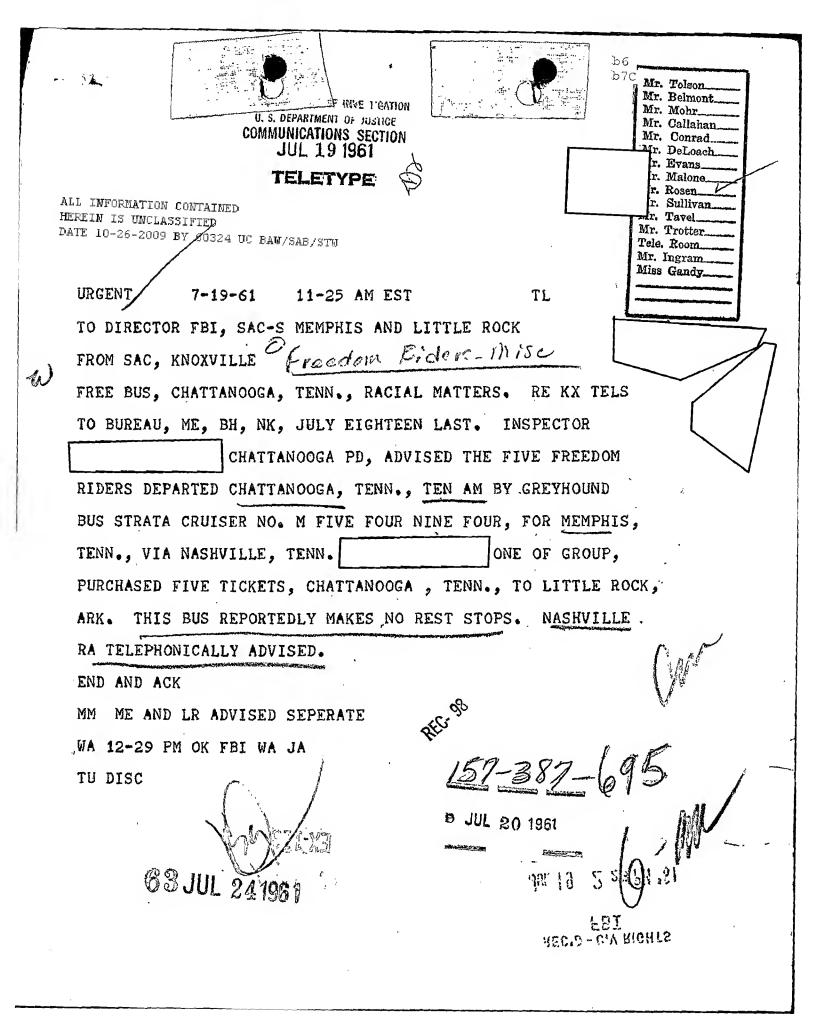
THIS IS LOANED TO YOU BY THE FBI, AND NEITHER IT NOR ITS CONTENTS ARE TO BE DISTRIBUTED OUTSIDE THE AGENCY TO WHICH LOANED.

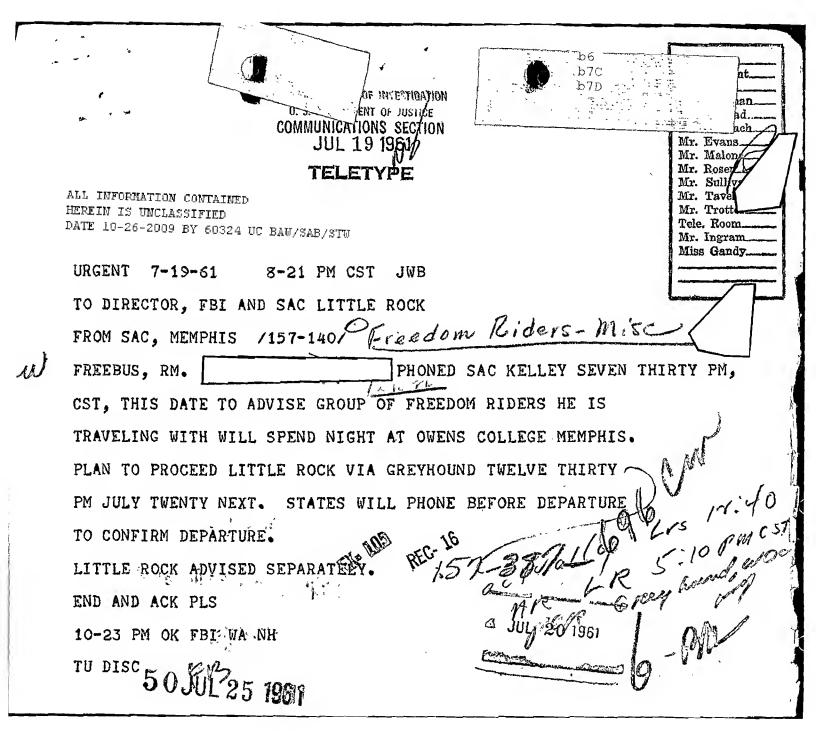
# FBI

	Date: 7/15/61
ransmit the fol	Howing in PLATN TEXT
,,	(Type in plain text or code)
ia AIRTEI	
	(Priority or Method of Mailing)
TO:	DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM:	SAC, RICHMOND (157-231)  ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
	DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW
•	FREE BUS FREEDOM RIDES
	(OO: NEWARK)
Probmov	Re Newark teletype to the Bureau, 7/12/61,
to the	ad teletype to the Bureau 7/13/61, and Richmond teletype Bureau 7/14/61.
,	Enclosed herewith for the Bureau and Offices
receivi	ing copies of this airtel are copies of a letterhead
memorar	ndum reflecting activities of freedom riders at Charlottes- and Roanoke, Va., on 7/13 and 7/14/61, also 7/15/61.
, , ,	
to SA	Information at Charlottesville, Va., was furnished at Lynchburg, Va., to SA
and at	Roanoke, Va., to SA
	Additional information developed will be furnished
Bureau	and pertinent Offices.
P.	1 xerox - OEO ke
(3)- Bur	reau (Enc. 8) 8-10-67 Wymiy
1 - Knc	oxville (Enc. 1) ( ) ( )
2 - New	vark (Enc. 2) chmond  REG 157-387-69
2 - Ric	chmond 27-387-69 CHILE
CFH/fkw	10
(9)	NCLOSURE AGENCY A-2, One, One Contact
1.	11.100
4	DATE TRUE TIME.
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َبِّ: Approved	Sent M Per
5 JUL 25	Control Amont in Change
W HULL WI	n and off



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lo', is	FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  COMMUNICATIONS SECTION  JUL 1 9 1961  WELETYPE  Mr. Tolson  EIr. Tolson  EIr. Belmont  Mr. Callahan  Mr. Conrad  Mr. Conrad  Mr. DeLoach  Mr. Evans  Mr. Malone  Mr. Rosen  Mr. Rosen  Mr. Sullivia
	LL INFORMATION CONTAINED  Mr. Trotter  Mr. Trotter  Tele. Room  Mr. Ingram  Miss Gandy
	URGENT 7-19-61 4-00 PM CST SDF
w	TO DIRECTOR, FBI OFreedom Riders-Misc  FROM SAC NEW ORLEANS 157-340 1-P
	FREEBUS. RM. REMYTEL SEVEN SIXTEEN SIXTYONE PERTAINING TO
	FR FROM LOS ANGELES AND
	HOLLYWOOD, CALIF., ARRESTED JULY FIFTEEN. M. B. PIERCE, CHIEF OF
	DETECTIVES, JACKSON PD, ADVISED TODAY THAT AS RESULT OF HIS PREVIOUS
	INQUIRY HE HAS RECEIVED INFORMATION THROUGH OFFICE OF U. S. SENATOR
	JAMES EASTLAND, MISS., PERTAINING CP AFFILIATIONS OF
	INFORMATION CONTAINED REFERENCE TO THESE INDIVIDUALS IN
	HCUA RECORDS ON HEARINGS IN JANUARY NINETEEN FIFTYTWO ENTITLED QUOTE
	COMMUNIST ACTIVITIES AMONG PROFESSIONAL GROUPS IN THE LOS ANGELES
	AREA, PART ONE UNQUOTE AND OTHER HOUA REFERENCES. PIERCE CONTEMPLATES
	RELEASING INFORMATION TO PRESS SHORTLY. PIERCE REQUESTED INFORMATION
	THROUGH SENATOR EASTLAND-S OFFICE RE OTHER FREEDOM RIDERS. TABOVE FOR
	INFORMATION OF BUREAU.
	ZND AND ACK PLS 157-387-69 4
,	6-03-PM OK FBI WA JA REC- 54  B JUL 20 1961
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	69 JUL 241967 EX-113





# FBI

AIRTEL		AIRMAIL
		(Priority or Method of Mailing)
то:	DIRECTOR, FBI	<del></del>
FROM:	SAC, LITTLE ROC	CK (157-111)
	FREEBUS CR; RM	ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW
JULY 10	dum captioned FRE - 14, 1961", date	ith areeight copies of a letterhead EEDOM RIDERS, LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS, ed July 14, 1961, copies of which and USA, Little Rock.
		ove-captioned letterhead memorandum York, St. Louis and New Orleans,
	te of Arkansas, no lated and the case	e subjects in this matter have left of further investigation is being e is being closed in the Little
1 - St. 1 - New	eau (Enc. 8) York (Enc. 1) (In Louis (157-85) (E Orleans (157-264) tle Rock (157-111)	Enc. 1) (Info) (5/-38/-)
WGJ/vih (7)		9 JUL 17 1961
E C & M	AGENCY J. J. GULL, C. BY LC OF G. U.	4/4/5



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

#### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Farm Bureau Building Seventh and High Streets Little Rock, Arkansas July 14, 1961

> ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

FREEDOM RIDERS
LITTLE ROCK, ARKANSAS
JULY 10 - 14, 1961

The Arkansas Gazette, Little Rock, Arkansas, daily newspaper of July 10, 1961, reported on page 1-A under the caption "'Rider' Team Due Tonight at Little Rock", that the St. Louis Committee of the Congress on Racial Equality (CORE) announced July 9, 1961, that five Freedom Riders would leave St. Louis on July 10, 1961, on a trip through the south to New Orleans, Louisiana, to test bus and rail terminal facilities. CHARLES R. OLDHAM, National Chairman of CORE, is quoted as Stating that the group would stop at Little Rock and Shreveport, Louisiana, on its trip to New Orleans. The return trip would be by train through Mississippi, Tennessee and Illinois. "Facilities provided by both Trailways Bus Company and the Illinois Central Railroad will be tested", OLDHAM stated.

On July 10, 1961, Chief of Police ROBERT E. GLASSCOCK, Little Rock, Arkansas, Police Department, advised that five Freedom Riders arrived at the Midwest Bus Terminal, Markham and Louisiana Streets, Little Rock, Arkansas, via Trailways bus at approximately 7:47 p.m., that date. These individuals were met by a crowd of approximately 250 to 300 people, principally teen-agers. After alighting from the bus, four of these individuals entered the bus station waiting room marked "White Intrastate Waiting Room". Three individuals seated themselves and the fourth placed a telephone call. These individuals were photographed and interviewed by members of the news media for approximately ten minutes. After that time, Chief GLASSOCCK approached these individuals, identified himself and asked them if they were taking another bus out of Little Rock. They stated no, they were spending the night in Little Rock.

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157-387-691 ENCLOSURE

Chief GLASSCOCK then asked them when they were going to leave the bus terminal and they answered that they did not know. The Chief then twice ordered these individuals to leave the bus station. When they did not comply he ordered their arrest.

Chief GLASSCOCK identified the four individuals arrested as follows:

p5 <sup>5</sup>	77 1 -		born	
New_	York.	00 1	resid:	ing at
The state of the s	New	York.	1	lis
her next of kin as				dress, ar
father,	_		, New Yo	ork.
Mas 1				
		l k	orn	
Missouri,	-	•		souri.
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			orn	
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New York. Ne	xt of ki	<u>n listed</u>	38	
parents,				
Indiana.				
		box	•n	
Tennessee:	15			
residing a				North
Carolina. Next of kin liste				
VOLVALIDO. NEAU UL KILL LISTE				parents
	Illin	OIS.		

Chief GLASSCOCK stated that the above four individuals were placed in the city jail in lieu of \$500 bond each.

Chief GLASSCOCK stated that the fifth Freedom Rider got off of the bus at the Midwest Bus Station in Little Rock, but made no effort to enter the bus station or to draw attention to herself in any way. She was taken into custody shortly after the other four Riders, was taken to Police Headquarters, and was subsequently released and no charge was placed against her.

Chief GLASSCOCK identified this in	dividual as
Missouri.	ANN
Chief GLASSCOCK stated to that she had been instructed to the at the bus station in Little Rock immediately call Little Rock Attor event the other Freedom Riders were stated that had a typewrit which was captioned "Contact List" information:	ke no part in the activity and that she was to ney in the e arrested. Chief GLASSCOCK ten page in her possession
Freedom Riders	Next of Kin
CORE	Cleveland, North Carolina
New York	
Setauket, New York	Glen Arbor, Michigan
St. Louis, Missouri	Parents St. Louis, Missouri
St. Louis, Missouri	Parents St. Louis, Missouri
New York City A.K.	
CHARLES E COLDHAM 3227 Westminister St. Louis, Missouri Office CH 1-5088 residence PG 7-6383	New York Contact  JAMESVFARMER  New York  New York  Office  residence

Little Rock Contact	Shreveport Contact
Little Rock, Arkansas	Phone
Century Building Little Rock, Arkansas	New Orleans Contact
	New Orleans, Louisiana
,	New Orleans, Louisiana Phone

The Arkansas Gazette of July 12, 1961, carried an article on page 1-A captioned "Rider who Avoided Jail Describes Little Rock Arrests as a Surprise", which carried the by-line of BILL LEWIS of the Gazette staff. This article reports the results of an interview with ANNIE LUMPKIN of St. Louis. LUMPKIN stated that the first Freedom Ride into Arkansas was arranged by CHARLES R. OLDHAM, a St. Louis attorney, National Chairman of CORE, and that the trip was financed by CORE. She stated each member of the group was given bus tickets and \$20.00 for spending money. LUMPKIN stated they had telephoned the St. Louis Headquarters of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) and asked for volunteers to make the Freedom Ride. She stated she was attending a meeting of the NAACP and subsequently was the only one of the group who expressed a willingness to make the ride and actually showed up for it. She stated that the group met at OLDHAM'S home in St. Louis and had received the instructions for this ride.

LUMPKIN stated that she was following instructions from a CORE leader in St. Louis in acting as an observer during the St. Louis - Little Rock leg of the journey. She

stated that the group anticipated no trouble at Little Rock, but that she expected to be arrested somewhere in Louisiana.

	that morning the four Freedom Riders appeared before Little  Rock Municipal Judge QUINN GLOVER. At that time  Little Rock Attorneys, requested  that the case be postponed until the morning of July 12, 1961.  Judge GLOVER granted this delay and the defendants were returned to jail in lieu of \$500 bond. Attorney  told newsmen that the reason for postponing the cases was so that the defendants could test the constitutionality of Act 226 of 1959 under which these defendants were charged. He further stated that these cases will apparently test applications of the
	Act to interstate travelers.  On July 12, 1961, Chief GLASSCOCK advised that on the
	morning of July 12, 1961, four Freedom Riders again appeared before Municipal Judge GLOVER and were tried for violation of Arkansas State Statute 41-1432 (Act 226 of 1959). Chief GLASSCOCK, Captain and Lieutenant
	Department, testified as to the facts surrounding the arrest of the Freedom Riders on the night of July 10, 1961. Lieutenant further testified regarding his arrest of
[	the fifth Freedom Rider. was the only defense witness. testified that he was
الم	one of the original Freedom Riders. He testified that some of the testimony given by the Little Rock Police Officers was not accurate. He stated that the police officers were kind and courteous to the Freedom Riders except when the officers ushered them out of the bus station so fast—"As if we were common criminals". The Freedom Riders were defended by Little Rock Attorney, and Little Rock Attorney acted as Friend of the Court.  Judge GLOVER found the four Freedom Riders guilty of violating Act 226 for threatening a breach of the peace. He imposed a fine of \$500 and imprisonment for six months for each of the defendants. Judge GLOVER then suspended the sentences and released the Freedom Riders providing they "Leave the State of Arkansas and proceed to their respective homes". The four Freedom Riders tacitly agreed to this and they were released from custody.

Chief GLASSCOCK made available a copy of Arkansas Statute 41-1432 (Act 226, Acts of 1959), which reads as follows:

Creating a disturbance in a public place of business or other public place.

Any person who shall enter a public place of business of any kind whatsoever, or upon the premises of such public place of business, or any other public place whatsoever, in the State of Arkansas, and while therein or thereon shall create a disturbance or a breach of the peace, in any way whatsoever, including, but not restricted to, loud and offensive talk, the making of threats or attempting to intimidate or any other conduct which causes a disturbance or breach of the peace or threatened breach of the peace, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not more than five hundred dollars (\$500) or imprisonment in jail for not more than six (6) months, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Ъ6 Ъ7С

During the evening of July 12, 1961, Chief GLASSCOCK advised that the Freedom Riders' Attorney, had telephoned Judge GLOVER stating that the Freedom Riders felt that the judge had not been clear in his instructions to leave the state and that the Freedom Riders desired to continue on into the State of Louisiana. Judge GLOVER had then revoked the suspension of the sentences he had imposed earlier that date and ordered that the Freedom Riders be returned to jail. At approximately 7 p.m., July 12, 1961, surrendered the Freedom Riders to Chief GLASSCOCK at the Little Rock Police Department and they were placed in jail pending an appearance before Judge GLOVER on the morning of July 13, 1961.

On the morning of July 13, 1961, the Freedom Riders appeared before Municipal Judge GLOVER. At that time Reverend was allowed to make a statement to the court. He stated that when Judge GLOVER suspended their sentences, with the provision that they return to their homes, he did not state the date and the time that they should return to their homes. He stated that the Freedom Riders did intend to return to their homes, but they desired to continue on their Freedom Ride and

they would return to their homes upon its completion. He stated that the Freedom Riders did not want to mislead the
court in this regard and had therefore requested this hearing.
further stated that he felt that the court had
no jurisdiction outside of the State of Arkansas and could not instruct them to return to their homes.
stated that the Freedom Riders would agree to not further test any facilities in the State of
Arkansas and they would provide no publicity concerning their
departure from the State of Arkansas.
Judge GLOVER then again suspended the sentences imposed and urged the Freedom Riders to return to their homes.
Chief GLASSCOCK stated that had
confidentially advised him that the news regarding the Freedom
Riders' acceptance of Judge GLOVER'S terms of returning to
their homes in lieu of a fine or jail sentence had been
carried by the news services and that the CORE officials upon hearing this had telephoned Freedom Riders at Little
Rock instructing them to remain here.
On the afternoon of July 13, 1961,
telephonically contacted Little Rock Office of the FBI. He
identified himself as for the CORE and a
"So-called Freedom Rider". He stated that it was the policy of CORE to keep all law enforcement agencies advised as to
the proposed movements of the group. He stated that the
Freedom Riders would leave Little Rock via Trailways bus
at 4 a.m., July 14, 1961, en route to Shreveport, Louisiana,
arriving there at 11:30 a.m., the same date. He stated that
there would be a change of buses at Texarkana, Arkansas.
stated that only four riders would make this
trip as he had sent back to St. Louis on the
night of July 12, 1961.

On July 14, 1961, Chief GLASSCOCK advised that the four Freedom Riders had boarded a Trailways bus at approximately 4 a.m. that date and that they had left the City of Little Rock without further incident.

b6 b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

Mr. Tolson. Mr. Belmont L Mr. Mohr ..... Mr. Callahan. Mr. Conrada Mr. Rialone -Eullivan Mr. Tavel Mr. Trotter Tele. Room. Mr. Ingram Miss Gandy.

is it brue that Bobby Kennedy called of the Greenound Rus terminal pand told himthat he had better get drivers for the "freedom riders" or else? ... and that the people in the government had gone to a lot of trouble to see that they made the trip? Is this

true? I thought another. group was behind these

"freedom, riders".

J. Edgar Hoover Justice Department Washington, D.C.

O FREEdom Riders - Misc

Wash

REC- 3

EII.N.

68 JUL 26 1964

## TRUE COPY

J. Edgar Hoover \*
Justice Department
Washington, D. C.

lled n r the "freedom the government the trip? Is th d these "freedo	had gone to a lo
	Wash
	n r the "freedom the government the trip? Is th

nemo to AAC, civil Rights Nemo to AAC, civil Rights Jaw. suss

de Dewy Steen

Director, FBI

PREEDOM RIDE 1981 RACIAL MATTERS; DESIRUCTION OF AIRCRAFT OR MOTOR VEHICLES, CIVIL RIGHTS

	an interracial group of clargymen met at
	red meaning was exceen par to relicit early says mann to
	discuss freedom rides and methods of relieving racial tension.
	Reverend Martin I uther King was said to be one of the principal speakers.
	told a source in Jackson that
	Reverend Martin Luther King
	have an appointment with the Attorney General
	A second source indicated that a group which attended
	the meeting would leave Jackson by airplane
	en route to washington, D. C., and that the group
	might attempt to see the President or the Attorney General. This group included
MAILED 2 JUL 21 1961! COMM-FBI	Nine individuals, some of whom allegedly attended the meeting were arrested the Jackson
9 - 4	airport at 8:40 p. m. (Central Standard Time), July 20, 1961. None of
MAILED 2 L 2.1 19 SOMM-FBI	those mentioned by was arrested but those arrested did
	include
نـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	The police have stated that the arrests at the Jackson airport
	occurred when the integrated group took seats in the waiting room and
	refused to move on. A newspaper source, who was on the scene, advised
	is used only by white people.  Ex 1 1/2
(CLL)	0.4.1061
Tolson	Four white resedom riders were to arrive in Jackson by
Belmont	Greyhound bus from Nashville, Tennessee, at 5:35 a.m. (Central standard
Mohr	Time), July 21, 1961. The bus suffered a breakstown en route and is
Conrad Y	about two and one-half hours behind schedule.
Aglone Rosen	1 - Mr. Mohr 1 - Mr. Evans ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HERSELY SUNCLASSIFIED HERSELY SUNCL
Sullivan 👢	1 - Mr. DeLoach
Tavel Protter	WLM:ers (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14) (14)
rele. Room ngram	- 12000 TO
Gandy	

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#### The Attorney General

Two hundred fifty-six freedom riders have been arrested at Jackson since May 24, 1961. One hundred elevan have been released on bond, four have been released upon the payment of fines, one has been released without the filing of charges, and four have been released on probation. One hundred thirty-six remain in custody.

The Department was previously advised that Elmer Brown allegedly was injured when he fell from his bunk at the Mississippi State Penitentiary on July 18, 1961. Eheriff J. Robert Gilfoy has now advised that Brown was faking and had actually hit his head against the wall.

Brown talked to the press on July 20, 1961. He said that he had been misled by the Congress of Racial Equality (CORE) and regretted his participation in the freedom ride. He later tried to hang himself in his cell but was discovered by a trusty. The Sheriff then contacted Brown's attorney who made arrangements on July 20, 1961, for Brown to be released on bond on July 21, 1961.

The Freedom Action Committee of Chicago (FACC) has recently been established at the Greater Bethesda Baptist Church, Chicago, Illinois. The FACC reportedly was organized to recruit and train freedom riders, to raise funds for freedom rides and to encourage nonviolent action against discrimination in Chicago. Participating organizations include CORE, the Urban League, the National Organization of Social Workers and the American Friends Service Committee.

Information has now been received to the effect that Jackson, Mississippi, will be the destination of the freedom ride which is scheduled to leave Santa Monica, California, on July 28, 1981.

The CORE chapter in Baltimore, Maryland, allegedly plans to send eighteen freedom riders to the Louth in the near future.

#### The Attorney General

The freedom riders who were at Memphis, Tennessee, proceeded to Little Rock, Arkansas, by bus on July 20, 1961. They are in the bus station at Little Rock without incident and made arrangements to return to their homes by simplene.

The Department will be advised promptly of further developments.

- 1 Mr. Byron R. White Deputy Attorney General
- 1 Assistant Attorney General Burke Marshall
- 1 Assistant Attorney General Element J. Miller, Jr.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office	Office of Origin	Date	· Investigative Period	
NEW ORLEANS	NEW ORLEANS	7/13/61	6/8 - 23/61	
TILE OF CASE	MISCELLANGOR			Typed By
FREEDOM RIDE	2 \$1961	SA HUNTER	E. HELGESON	dfs
GREYHOUND BU		CHARACTER OF C	ASE	
NASHVILLE, T				-
JACKSON, MIS		RM; CR		
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REFERENCES:	DAITA 10-20-	2003 DI *0U324.UU 	DAW/SAD/SIW	
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Minneapolis	tel to Bureau, 6/8/	61, captione	d "Racial Matters".	M)
Memphis tel	to Bureau, 6/10/61.	nloons 6/27	(G1) (The torong end on)	
	phone call to New O telephone call to B			NC
	tel to Bureau, 6/11		01.	
Minneapolis	airtel to Bureau. 6	/13/61. capt	ioned "Racial Matter	SII
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Riders inclu	ded in this report.	1700		
	Special Age	ent .		· ·
pproved	In Charge	3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Do not write in spaces below	. ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (
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as contents are to be distributed outside the agency to which loa

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NO 157-301

#### NEW ORLEANS

of convicted Freedom Riders. (1) Will report disposition.

(2) Will advise the Minneapolis Office of release of

### ADMINISTRATIVE:

An additional copy of this report is designated for the New Orleans Office in the event the Bureau instructs that a copy be furnished to the U.S. Attorney, Jackson.

By airtel dated 6/13/61 captioned "RACIAL MATTERS" to the Bureau and New Orleans, the Minneapolis Office advised as follows:

							Minne-
sota		at the	University	of Mir	nesota,	who wa	s arrested
in Jac	kson, Mis	sissippi,	on Sunday	, June	11, 1961	as a	Freedom
Rider,	is a Sec	urity Ind	lex subject	of the	Minneap	olis O	ffice.
Her na	me was no	t include	d as a mer	ber of	the grou	p depa	rting from
the Un	iversity	of Minnes	ota in re	erenced	l teletyp	e beca	use no
inform	ation had	been rec	eived cond	erning	her trav	eling	with the
group.		3 4			' ' r		,





## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

SA HUNTER E. HELGESON

"Date:

7/13/61

Field Office File No.: 157-301

Bureau File No.

Office:

FREEDOM RIDE, 1961 GREYHOUND BUS M4446 NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE TO

JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

JUNE 11. 1961

RACIAL MATTERS: CIVIL RIGHTS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-26-2009 BY-60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

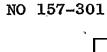
NEW ORLEANS

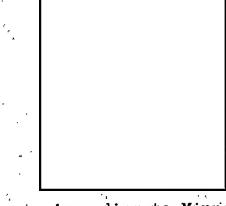
Synopsis:

6 Freedom Riders, identified in details of report, arrived Jackson, Miss. via Greyhound Bus M4446 at 1:02 p.m., 6/11/61: All arrested by Jackson PD at Greyhound Terminal when they failed to obey the orders of Jackson PD officer to move on. All charged with breach of the peace. No incidents at time of arrest. All tried in Jackson Municipal Court, 6/12/61, and after not guilty pleas were convicted of violation S. 2087.5, Miss. Code. All sentenced to 4 months in jail and fined \$200.00: No incidents during trial. All Freedom Rider prisoners transferred to Miss. State Penitentiary, Parchman, Miss.

#### DETAILS:

Investigation in this case was predicated upon information furnished by the Minneapolis Office of the FBI on June 8 1961. By communication dated that date, they advised that a group of Freedom Riders will leave Minneapolis, Minnesota by Greyhound Bus, June 9, 1961, for Nashville, Tennessee. These Riders will be briefed in Nashville by CORE and will then proceed to Jackson, Mississippi. This group consists of college students 5, possibly 12 in number, identified as follows:





According to Minneapolis, the first five listed apparently will definitely depart Minneapolis, and the last seven are tentatively scheduled to depart.

By communication dated June 10, 1961, the Memphis Office advised that Central Committee, Nashville, Tennessee, advised that six white persons, five males and one female, will leave Nashville, 1:00 a.m., June 11, 1961, en route Jackson, Mississippi, via Memphis, Tennessee. They were identified as:

East Minneapolis, Minnesota	esota
St. Paul, Minnesota	
St. Paul, Minnesota	
	*
Minneapolis, Minnesota	, ' - ',
Minneapolis, Minnesota	

Minneapolis, Minnesota

NO 157-301

On June 11, 1961, the Memphis Office telephonically advised that at 7:10 a.m., June 11, 1961, Greyhound Bus #M4446 with five white males and one white female Freedom Riders left Memphis and should arrive Jackson at 12:45 p.m.

Sheriff J. R. GILFOY, Hinds County, Jackson, Mississippi.

CIC, Jackson, Mississippi.

b6 b70

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\ i.e.		•	6/23	107	٠.	•	
Jate	_		<u> </u>	<u>/ 171/</u>			_

The following observations were made at the Greyhound. Bus Terminal, Jackson, Mississippi, on June 11, 1931.

At 1:02 p.m., Bus #M4446 arrived. Three white males, followed by one white female, followed by one white male and another white male, entered the colored waiting room. Captain Police Department, Jackson, Mississippi, was observed speaking to these individuals and subsequently they left the colored waiting room accompanied by officers of the Jackson Police Department and were placed in a patrol wagon parked at the terminal. There were no incidents in connection with the above.

on 6/11/61 of Jackson, Miss.

File # 157-301

by sa hunter e. Helgeson

/dfs Date dictated 6/18/61

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1	h	7	r

D		6	176	/61
Date	,	. 0	/ ŁU	/ 0.5.

Greyhound Bus M4446 arrived at the Greyhound Bus Terminal, 219 North Lamar Street, Jackson, Mississippi at 1:02 p.m. on June 11, 1961. Just prior to the arrival of the bus, 11 uniformed police officers and 6 detectives were observed on the platform. There were approximately 2 newsmen present.

While the bus was unloading the officers kept access to both the colored waiting room and the white waiting room open.

After the passengers debarked from this bus, five white males and one white female were observed to enter the colored waiting room. Captain Jackson Police Department, then advised these individuals to move on and advised them they would have to move on out of the station. These individuals ignored this order and were told by Captain that they were under arrest.

No use of force was observed, no handcuffs were used, and the arrests observed were made quietly. There were no incidents of any type. The above individuals were immediately placed in the police patrol wagon which was parked in front of the station without offering resistance.

On 6/11/61	at Jackson, Mis	ss.		File #157	-301	
			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
by SA			/dfs/	_Date dictated	6/11/	<b>61</b>

	-	_	in a	15.4	1.1	9	
Date	•	6	/18	/61		. '	4

Police Departs colored waiti North Lamar S	istant Chief of Pol ment, advised the f ng room at the Grey treet at 1:00 p.m.	ollowing were hound Bus Terr on June 11, 19	arrested in the ninal, 200 block, 961. Mr. PIERCE	
the arresting Department, a with breach o	rrest reports for a officer as Captain nd further advised f the peace. He no ransported to the P	that all perso ted that these	ackson Police ons were charged e persons were	,- *
their arrest	where they were book d there were no inc	ked and place	i in the City	41
			ackson PD	
	address	1.03	ackson PD	
	Minnesota. Race	Sex	Age -	<b>T</b>
	Date of birth		Place of	
	birth -	California.	Height -	ĺ
MISS	Weight - Ey	es Build	Gair Occupation-	1
	Complexion L Student, Universi			
	Status Director	Father.	same	
A de la maria	address. Mother		same address.	-
The state of the s	Education - 4 yea	rs college.	Admits sit-ins,	ł,
	Miami, Florida,		Picket of	,
	Minn	eapolis	Picket for	٦ .
	Peace Walks		, Minnesota olis. Member NAAC	1
	Peace walks		<u>es to answer</u> as to	
	whether member of		CE CELEBRATE CO	
	kJa	ckson PD	address -	
			Minnesota and	
	Race - Se	x Ag	Minnesota. e - Date of	
	birth -		of birth	<b>1</b> . *
	New Jersey. Heig		Weight -	<b>1</b> ~
	Eyes - Ha	ir	Complexion	1 .
	Build	Occupation -	stu-	
	dent, University	of Minnesota.	Marital Status -	
	Father Minnes	ota. Mother		
	minies	orsi modier [	- A	<del></del>
On 6/11/61 at	Jackson, Miss.	File#_	157-301	· ,
J.,	HELGESON and	/dfs -	6/11/61	





NO 157-301 same address. Education - one-half year at University of Minnesota. Jackson PD #20996\_ Radress -Minnesota. Age Date of Sex -Race -Place of hirth birth -Weight\_ Eves -Michigan. Height Build + Complexion Hair Marital Occupation -Father Status Minnesota. same address. Educa-Mother . tion - 3 and three-marter vears in college. Prior arrests -Admits Peace Minneapolis, Minnesota Walk, March, Picketed Federal Building. Minneapolis in reference Cuban Invasion. Peace Walk (Anti-Bomb Test). address -Jackson PD Whoming. Race -Date of birth -Sex -Age Place of birth -Utah. Height Weight Eves -Complexion -Hair Occupation . Father\_ Marital Status same address. Mother same address. Education - 2 years college. Admits picketing for integration[ at Minneapolis, Minnesota. Admits participating in "Peace Walks" at Minneapolis to ban nuclear testing Jackson PD address -Minnesota. Race -Date of birth -Sex Age Place of birth Weight Massachusetts. Height

Eyes -

Build

Hair -

Complexion

Occupation - Student, University



NO 157-301

cont*d:		
of Minnesota. Mari Father		other -
Minnesota Admits membership i	Education - I	year college.
		kson PD
t and the	ota. Race -	Sex -
Place of birth - Weight	Wisconsin.	Height - Hair -
Complexion Studen	Build to University of	Minnesota.
Father Minnes same address as fat	ota. Mother -	1 year
college. Admits pa calling for world d	rticipation in "P isarmament May, I	eace March" 960,

EDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

		Date6	/23/61	
Chief of Detectives	M. B. PIE	CE. Jack	son. Mis	ssissippi
Police Department, advised tha	it the foll	owing in	dividua:	ls were
tried in Jackson Municipal Cou	irt, Jackso	n, Missi	ssippi,	at
3:00 p.m., June 12, 1961:				
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	5		;	
			er e	4
		41.5	1	
He stated that all o	of the abov	e indivi	duals w	ere
ried for violation of Section	1 2087,5 of	the Mis	sissipp	i Code.
ll entered pleas of not guilt	v through	their at	torney,	4
Jackson. Captain	was	he only	withess	carred
or the prosecution. No defer	ise witness	ses were	carred.	ALL
lefendants were convicted and	sentenced	to four	months :	in jail
and fined \$200. According to	Plekce, so	me or th	e deren	gants .
would be transferred to the H	inds County	7 Jail to	serve	our
their sentences and fines, and Jackson City Jail to assist th	i some wou.	in overs	omjuo c. Red III	ene rowded
facilities at the County Jail		## <b>G</b> ( <b>G</b> )		· ·
PIERCE advised that	there were	e no inci	dents d	uring
the course of the trial.		F. 45	- Park	
	A Comment of the Comm		$f = e^{-\frac{2}{4}}$	松克斯斯 1
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	a a			

SA HUNTER E. HELGESON

6/18/61





NO 157-301

On June 19, 1961,	Sheriff J. ROBERT GILFOY, Hinds
County, Jackson, Mississipp	i, advised that the following
Freedom Riders confined to	the Hinds County Jail and the
Jackson City Jail were tran	sferred to the Mississippi State
Penitentiary, Parchman, Mis	sissippi, June 19, 1961:
	Sheriff GILFOY advised that
	d to the Hinds County Jail was trans-
	Mississippi State Penitentiary,
The sea house in the season of	and the conference of the contract of the con





### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office Office of Origin Date Investigative Period NEW ORLEANS NEW ORLEANS 7/14/61 6/14 - 23/61level Labenus Report made by TITLE OF CASE FREEDOM RIDE SA HUNTER E. HELGESON CHARACTER OF CASE GREYHOUND BUS TERMINAL JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI RM; CR JUNE 14, 1961 · XXXXXXXX

### REFERENCES:

New Orleans telephone call to Bureau, 6/14/61. New Orleans tel to Bureau, 6/14/61.

ALL INFORMATION, CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 📜 DATE\*10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

#### LEADS:

NEW ORLEANS

AT JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI. Will report disposition of

### ADMINISTRATIVE:

An additional copy of this report is designated for the New Orleans Office in the event the Bureau instructs that a copy be furnished to the USA, Jackson.

Special Agent • Approved Do not write in spaces below Copies made: 4)- Bureau New Orleans (157-304) 5561 86 702105. 1961 COVER PAGE

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# UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Copy to:					_ ∡′ 
Report of	SA HUNTER E. HELGESON	Office:	NEW ORLEA	NS.	
Date: Field Office File No	7/14/61	Bureau Fil	e No.		. •
Title:	FREEDOM RIDE, 1961  GREYHOUND BUS TERMINAL	HEREIN I	RMÄTION CÖNTÄI S UNCLASSIFIED 26-2809 BY 603		B/ST
Character	JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI JUNE 14, 1961 RACIAL MATTERS; CIVIL RIGHTS				
Synopsis:					
No incide Tried Jac plea, con 4 months	D at Greyhound Bus Terminal, nts at time of arrest. Chargkson Municipal Court, Jackson victed of violation S. 2089. Jail and fined \$200.00. No transferred from Jackson City	Jacksonged bream, 6/16/5, Miss.incident	ich of the '61, and af Code. Se s during t	o, peace. tér NG ntenced t	
Penitenti	ary, Parchman, Miss., 6/23/6				
DETAILS:	Investigation in this case v				
Departmen that	rnished by Chief of Detective to Jackson. Mississippi, on Free eyhound Bus Terminal, Jackson	June 14, lom Ride	1961, who r, had bee	advised	∍d
					» 

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 6/27/61

	Mana and Madanahaman 38	D THERMAN SPACE AND TRANSPORTER
•	Jackson, <u>Mississippi</u> , advised that	B. PIERCE, Police Department,
		olice Department, arrested
Г		ound Bus Terminal, Jackson.
. L	According to the arresting office	
. '.	According to the arresting office	mad aligned thom
	an incoming bus from Memphis, Ter	
	colored waiting room at the Grey	nound bus regardance and entered
	the colored rest room. When he	came out or the rest room,
		said he wanted to buy a cup of him to move on replied.
	coffee and whenagain asked	of coffee in the colored waiting
	room. At this noint arre	sted for breach of the
•	room. At this boint arre	jail. En route to the jail,
Г	peace and was taken to	ider from New York City. There
L	said ne was a freedom m	ider from New Jork City. Incre
	were no incidents at the time of	arrest, according to rinkon.
	TOTAL COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF T	med 17 manhabite ha ahamand
	PIERCE advised that	will probably be charged
	with violation of Section 2089.5	said that would prob-
. "	breach of the peace statute. He	Salu that
	ably be tried at 3:00 p.m., June	14, 1901 In Jackson municipal
	Court.	
	CLASS TOTAL CONTRACT	Alexander Tomber Angelia Color
		the following descriptive data
	concerning from the Pol	ice Department records:
14		
	Name	
	Address	Onto
		- FOR CO
:	Sex ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	
•	Race	A CS.
•	Age	1 William I
	Date of birth	
	Place of birth	
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1	Weight	
,	Hair	
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	Characteristics	
4	Marital Status	P 2 34 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
,	. Occupation	Student
	the state of the s	Market Control of the
-		
Oπ	6/14/6d at Jackson, Miss.	File # 157-304
	SA HUNTER E. HELGESON	/dfs 6/21/61
by	Mrs Transferrance and attentional	Date dictated
-		



### NO 157-304

	ion

Father Mother Prior Arrests

Admits

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┢	Kent State Univers	ity.
	Kent, Ohio.	
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGA

6/29/61 Detective Bureau, Police Captain Department, Jackson, Mississippi, advised that was tried in Jackson Municipal Court, Jackson Mississippi, at 3:00 p.m., June 16, 1961. He said tried for violation of Section 2089.5 of the Hississippi Code. entered a plea of not guilty through his attorney, Jackson. was convicted and sentenced to four months in jail and a fine of \$200. stated that would be housed in the Jackson City Jail to assist the Sheriff in Hinds County in overcoming crowded facilities at the County Jail said that there were no incidents during the course of the trial.

Jackson, Miss. by SA HUNTER E. HELGESON /dfs

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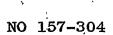
\_\_Date\_dictated

NO 157-304

The following is the content of Mississippi Code, Section 2089.5:

Disturbance of the public peace, or the peace of others.

- 1. Any person who disturbs the public peace, or the peace of others, by violent, or loud, or insulting, or profane, or indecent, or offensive, or boisterous conduct or language, or by intimidation, or seeking to intimidate any other person or persons, or by conduct either calculated to provoke a breach of the peace, or by conduct which may lead to a breach of the peace, or by any other act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars (\$500.00), or by imprisonment in the County Jail not more than six (6) months, or both.
- 2. The provisions of this act are supplementary to the provisions of any other statute of this state.
- 3. If any paragraph, sentence or clause of this act shall be held to be unconstitutional or invalid, the same shall not effect any other part, portion or provision thereof, but such other part shall remain in full force and effect.



On June 23, 1961, Sheriff J. ROBERT GILFOY. Hinds
County, Jackson, Mississippi, advised that
was transferred from the Jackson City Jail to the Mississippi
State Penitentiary, Parchman, Mississippi, on June 23, 1961.

- Belmont - Mohr - Sullival DeLoach

1	.=	Malone- Rosen	à:	` 5 +.	ė,

7/14/61

Airtel

SACs New Orleans (Enclosure) 2 - WFO (Enclosure)

From: Director, FBI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Enclosed for each office is copy of letter 7/6/61 to Bureau from Mr. J. Walter Yeagley, Assistant Attorney General, Internal Security Division, captioned "Freedom Ride 1961, Racial Matters; Destruction of Aircraft or Motor Vehicles; Civil Rights."

For the information of Miami, WFO and Chicago, allegation concerning Soviet-directed seminar in Mayana during February, 1961, was based on press release of Mississippi Highway Patrol on 6/29/61 which reportedly was based on admissions of to Mississippi authorities following her arrest at Jackson, Mississippi, 6/10/61 with a group of "freedom riders" as set out in New Orleans teletype 6/29/61, captioned "Freebus;" This information was allegedly received by Mississippi Highway Patrol from an unidentified source in Florida. described as law enforcement officer. In addition, representative of Mississippi Nighway Patrol told New Orleans Office that Mississippi Highway Patrol had received information from unidentified investigative agency in Florida to the effect that, during alleged Soviet-directed seminar, students were instructed on techniques to employ in sit-ins and "freedom rides."

Bureau has previously furnished Department with information were among some 204 individuals indicating that [ who participated in ten-day tour of Cuba sponsored by FPCC beginning 12/23/60. Bureau has no information indicating that

- Chicago (Enclosure)

1 - Miami (Enclosure)

YELLOW DUPLICATE JUL1-1." MAILED

- 157-387 (Freedom Rides 1961) miscellanecus

RDC:bar

MOT REGOISEDNOTE page two

180 JUL 18 1961.

GINAL FIED

Airtel	to	SAC.	New	Orlea	ns
Re:					* .
:					

made any subsequent trips to Cuba nor do we have any information regarding alleged Soviet-directed seminar in February, 1961. Department being so advised. Regarding proposed tour of Cuba by San Francisco students, San Francisco Office previously developed information concerning this matter which was furnished to the Department. This proposed tour was called off following State Department warning and no information was developed indicating that it was in any way inspired by Soviets.

New Orleans should immediately contact appropriate officials of Mississippi Highway Patrol in effort to determine original source of allegations concerning Soviet-directed seminar in Havana during February, 1961, and participation therein by or other or other nade admissions along this line during interviews with made admissions along this line during interviews with Mississippi authorities and identities of sources in Florida who allegedly furnished information in this respect should be ascertained. Thereafter, appropriate leads should be set out by Nev Orleans to have such sources interviewed in order that this matter can be thoroughly resolved. For information of New Orleans described as a beatnik-type, has previously taken part in FPCC activities at Chicago and refused to be interviewed by Chicago Agents on 4/27/61, exhibiting a most hostile attitude on this occasion. A copy of this airtel is being furnished Chicago for its information concerning

WFO should check appropriate passport records at State

Department concerning to determine if there is any record available concerning their travel to Cuba subsequent to the 12/23/60 FPCC tour and, in particular, to establish whether they were possibly in Cuba during February, 1961.

In view of Department's interest and in view of connection between this matter and case entitled "Freedom Ride 1961," this matter should receive expeditious handling and Bureau should be kept advised promptly of information developed.

NOTE: See cover memorandum to W. C. Sullivan, 7/12/61, same caption, prepared by RDC:bar.

		-
7	FD-36	<u>.</u>
1	FBI	
	Date: 7/17/61	<b>b</b> 2
	i i i	b7C
Тга	nsmit the following in (Type in plain text or code)	b7D
•••	•	
Viα	AIR - TEL (Priority or Method of Mailing)	
	ALL INFORMATION CONTAIN	D,
	HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-27-2009 BY 6032	1 UC BAW/SAB/STW
	TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (157-373)	
′	FROM : SAC, PITTSBURGH (157-102)	
ĺ	SUPJECT: OFREEDOM RIDE, 1961	
	RM; CR (OO - NEW ORLEANS)	
	Re New York airtels to Bureau, 6/30/61 and 7/10/61 and Pittsburgh airtel to Bureau, 7/6/61.	,
		,
J	informant) and the anonymous source mentioned in re Pittsburgh airtel are described as	9
	having furnished reliable information in the past.	,
	The other source is to be set for in a letterhead memoranda in the manner indicated	
	Pittsburgh airtel and no comment concerning his reliability is necessary.	
	As noted in re New York airtel, 7/10/61, all perting subversive information concerning	nent
	contained in summary report of SA	
:	Jr., Pittsburgh, 1/14/52, a copy of which is in possession of New York.	
	Inasmuch as and	
	who left Pittsburgh in 1949, reside in	
İ	N. Y., and are not of current interest to to Pittsburgh Office, it is suggested that the New York	
	Office prepare the letterhead memorandum in instan	t_case.
Ì	EV. 102	7018
	3 - Bureau (RM) REC 457-373 2 - New York (157-391)(RM)	
	1 - Albany $(157-21)(Info)(RM)$	,
	1 - New Orleans (157-307)(Info)(RM) 1 - Pittsburgh	
	JWS:rl 1985 1986	
	(8) CC JUL 19 190	34
ን <b>ດ</b> ም	March 12 1	The Manusch
161	Approved Sent Sent Special Adea Fin Charge	
	Special Redent Tu Charge	/

CD-263 (Rev. 5-1-59) FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION **b6** b7C OFFICE OF ORIGINALENS JETTE 17 1961 b7D REPORTING OFFICE INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD ALBANY 5/31 - 7/3/61 TYPED BY REPORT MADE BY TITLE OF CASE SA PETER F. MAXSON/mkb CHARACTER OF CASE ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-27-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW RACIAL MATTERS XXXXXXX REQ. REC'D 12/1/66 REFERENCE: New Orleans teletype dated 5/31/61 ANS. -RUC-Re INFORMANTS File # Where Located Identity of Source AL T-l is This report, page 1 Careful consideration was made to the concealment of this source and his identity is being protected at his request. SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE APPROVED DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW **REC- 66** Bureau (157-373)(RM) New York (157-391) (RM) - New Orleans (157-264) (RM) 1 - Albany (157-21) Dissemination Record of Attached Report Agency Request Recd. SEE KEVERSE STATE Date Fwd. add dissemination How Fwd. Ву

All persons contacted in this matter at institutions of learning within the Albany Division are established and reliable sources of information.

Instant report sets forth the results of all information received to date by this office, with respect to the Freedom Rider movement and with respect to the Congress of Racial Equality.

The following information could not be included in instant report since the source of this information was not made available to this office by the NYO:

New York airtel dated 6/14/61, reflected that NYO
indices negative concerning but that brown by the brown but that
listed as the parent of is the sub-
ject of Bufile NY file and that this
individual was a member of the CPA, 1944 and
reportedly for several years,
dates not specified;
NYO further advised that
NY, is the subject of NY file
According to this file, in 1955 was then reported to
be a member of the Labor Youth League.
His father, identical with Bufile
NY file is on the Security Index of the
NYO and as recently as 1958 was a member of the NYS CP Committee,
but resigned from that position and from the CP at that time.
was convicted on a charge of violating the Smith Act of
1940 in February, 1956 and judgment was reversed in May, 1958.
NY further advised that listed as the
mother of mentioned herein, is
identical with Bufile
NY file who, in 1948, was a at the
Jefferson School of Social Science, and in 1950 picketed the
Federal House of Detention, demanding the release of CP leaders
convicted of wiolation of the Smith Act

By airtel dated 6/19/61, NYO a	dvised that its
/ indices reflected no information concern	
identified	in instant report.
NY did advise , however, that one	
NYC, subject of NY file	attended the second
annual convention of the Progressive Par	ty, held in Chicago.
on 2/25 & 26/50. NY further advised tha	.:
NY. subject of Bufile	
	in Pittsburgh, Pa.
in 1943; was a member	of the CP,
in Pittsburgh, Pa., 1943; held CPA Card	in 1945; and
was interviewed on 9/12/53 and 4/9/58 an	

The files of the Albany Office were searched with reference to all names mentioned in this report and the results of this search are included in this report, where any record was located.

### LEADS

Two copies of this report are being submitted to NY, which is origin on the Congress of Racial Equality case and two copies are being furnished to New Orleans, which is origin in the FREEBUS investigation.

# UNDED STATES DEPARTMENT OF STICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED .
DATE 10-27-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

Copy to:

Report of:

Date:

SA PETER F. MA

MAKSON

Office:

ALBANY, NEW YORK

Field Office File #:

157-21

Bureau File #:

157-373

Title:

FREEBUS

Character:

RACIAL MATTERS

Synopsis:

During late May and early June, 1961, there was considerable activity on Cornell University campus relative to Freedom Rider movement and several Cornell students participated in Freedom Rides through the South, Activities at Cornell were under sponsorship of the Congress on Racial Equality (CORE) and the Cornell Committee Against Segregation. One Freedom Rider was possibly recruited at Middlebury, Vt.; several ministers in the Albany, NY area also recruited as Freedom Riders.

-RUC-

### DETAILS

### AT ITHACA, NEW YORK

The following information was furnished by Confidential Informant AL T-1, on the dates indicated:

On May 31, 1961, the informant advised that he had
ascertained that on May 27, 1961,
left Ithaca, by car, for New Orleans, Louisiana, to join the
Freedom Riders. He identified as:
SIN WILL
PAUL S. GREEN
1. 1. C. D. Y
According to this informant, had
previously volunteered their services to the Congress on Racial
Equality (CORE). They attended a workshop in New Orleans on
May 29, 1961, conducted by CORE on Non-Violent Techniques.
later returned to Ithaca to instruct other
volunteering as Freedom Riders. The other four were among the
group of eight Freedom Riders who rode from New Orleans to
Jackson, Mississippi by train. where they were arrested, tried
in Municipal Court on and fined \$200 and 60 days
suspended sentences. Informant advised that these four were
still in jail in Jackson, after refusing to pay their fines but
that because of was return-
ing to Ithaca later in the week and the other two in two to three
weeks.
mas. Nyen.
Informant advised that on May 31, 1961, efforts were begun
to recruit new Freedom Riders on the Cornell campus by an organ-
ization called the Cornell Committee Against Segregation. Under the direction of Cornell undergraduate all
volunteers were being required, as prescribed by CORE, to be prepared to spend a 67 day minimum jail sentence in lieu of
fine, and because of this many were refrained from volunteering.
Cornell graduate student, was reportedly
assistingin the above activity.
Missing Mile above accivition
Informant activised (that he had be
Informant advised/that he had/also learned that an
Ithaca group known as the Freedom Walk Committee, an established

local anti-segregation group, had commenced a fund drive to raise money for fines and legal fees of arrested Freedom Riders.

Informant stated that he had also learned that on
were
scheduled to leave Ithaca for New Orleans in two cars, to attend
the CORE workshop there and then to serve as Freedom Riders and
that other student groups were scheduled to travel to New Orleans
on June 3 and 12, 1961. With respect to these groups, informant
learned that if less than 25 were recruited in each group, travel
would be made by automobile, with five men to a car to share
expenses, but that if more than 25 were recruited for any one
group, travel would be made by chartered bus. In conversation
withinformant learned that approximately
30 volunteers had indicated a desire to serve as Freedom Riders.
Informant advised that commencing on
was conducting a
for the purpose of recruiting riders and
for obtaining monetary contributions for their future legal
defense.
On June 1, 1961, informant advised that he had learned
that one was assisting
in running the and that the
Committee Against Segregation in backing CORE, had announced
two meetings to be held on June 2, 1961, for the purpose of
recruiting potential Freedom Riders. This announcement by
Committee Against Segregation indicated that
members would moderate the discuss-
ions at these meetings.

This informant advised on June 2, 1961 that a meeting was held at 2:30 P.M., that date at Willard Straight Hall, with Cornell student RICHARD G. BRIGGS acting as Chairman. There were eight females and approximately 37 males in attendance at the meeting. The first speaker, Associate Professor DAVID B. DAVIS, stated that the Freedom Rider movement was not against the law and that the only way to make the law clear is to test it time and time again. He claimed that the Freedom Riders present an excellent opportunity to test this law, and that their actions tend to show the entire world what bappens when a person does something which is right and legal and is still punished for it. Professor DAVIS

stated that to be a Freedom Rider a person must be full of determination, dedication, stamina and willingness to take a risk. He further stated that racial equality is no longer of any importance and that what is important at this time is whether American citizens can travel about without the danger of being mobbed or unjustly jailed.

BRIGGS then introduced PETER STERLING, who had just returned from jail in Jackson, Mississippi. STERLING stated that he felt as if he had been in the middle of the second Civil War, and he compared the Freedom Riders to the French resistance movement of the past. He stated that there was a considerable area of undercover work in the Freedom Rider movement but failed to elaborate on this point.

STERLING described New Orleans and Mississippi as essentially police states and he stated that the New Orleans Police Department has a K-9 Corps of police dogs, which are "trained to attack Freedom Riders and Negroes." He further stated that telephones of CORE members are tapped by the New Orleans Police Department, which cooperates with the White Citizens Council by turning over information to them on CORE and Freedom Rider activities as obtained through these telephone taps.

STERLING identified one of the Freedom Rider contacts in New Orleans as an individual named RUDY TOMBARD. He also stated there was a 20 year old girl in New Orleans who was responsible for the coordination of Freedom Rider activities in the city. He stated that there is no CORE office in New Orleans but when a group of persons is recruited to go South, the local CORE representative calls unidentified party in New Orleans and receives information on whom to contact and where the contact should be made upon arrival in that city. He indicated that Negro churches are used for workshops and for communication points.

STERLING stated that CORE is cooperating with the Reverend MARTIN LUTHER KING in the South and he stated that Police in Jackson, Mississippi are very hesitant to act in the Freedom Rider movement. He cited as an example a conversation he had with the Chief of Police in Jackson upon his release from jail. He stated that the Chief told him to go on back to Cornell and that "the Niggers are happy and don't want trouble, which is what the Freedom Riders are causing." STERLING went on to say that the Chief also told him that the white Freedom Riders were segregated

in the fail because it was feared that the Negro adults would assault the white college students.

The meeting was then turned over to DONALD M. BLUESTON a Cornell student, who offered the following information on the actual recruitment of Freedom Riders. He stated that the local CORE committee would take sign-ups at the end of the meeting on persons who definitely wanted to go South and who were willing to serve jail sentences. He stated that although CORE wanted people who could spend 67 days in jail they would also take persons who would be available for shorter lengths of time. He encouraged that recruits travel in groups and by trains as being more economical, as well as far safer. It was pointed out that no white girls had yet been Freedom Riders but that now females were being recruited. He pointed out that persons under 21 years of age, in volunteering, needed parental consent. BLUESTONE stated that those students living in New York City and wanting to become Freedom Riders, could contact the CORE office in New York City at 38 Park West, telephone Columbus 7-0035.

After this meeting informant learned that the following individuals had signed up to act as Freedom Riders:

On June 2 1961, this informant m

On June 2, 1961, this informant made available an application blank which was distributed at the meeting for Freedom Rider recruits. Instructions on the application indicate that it is to be returned to Road, New York City, immediately.

The application blank states in part as follows: "I wish to apply for acceptance as a participant in CORE's Freedom Ride, to travel by a bus, and to test and challenge segregated facilities enroute. I understand that I shall be participating in a non-violent protest against racial discrimination, that

arrests or personal injury to me might result, and that, by signing this application, I waive all rights to damages against CORE -- the Congress of Racial Equality, its directors, its officers, any other sponsoring organization and all others in any way connected with Freedom Ride." The application blank then contains a space for signature and for signature of parent if the applicant is under 21 years of age. The application blank further calls for the following information: name, telephone number, address, age, sex, marital status, race, college or occupation, what civil right groups do you belong to, past experience with non-violent action, and two references.

	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	On June 5. 1961, this informant advised that he had b7D
,	learned from that a Freedom Rider
	group would be leaving Ithaca for the South on Tuesday, June 6,
	1961, and again on June 12, 1961. stated that it is now
	planned to fly the participants to a point, as yet undisclosed,
	in the South. At this time he implied that no new volunteers
	had been enlised Due to the Cornell school year coming to a close,
Γ	advised that had gone to some place in
	Massachusetts and would no longer be active in the affairs of
/	CORE and that was remaining in the North to
	advised that intended to go to New York
	City to help with the organizational end of the CORE movement
	during the Summer months.
	1.7,2,10,1
	On June 8, 1961, Confidential Informant AL T-1 advised
	that he had just learned that the following Cornell students were
	leaving Ithaca, New York, on June 12, 1961 for Nashville,
	Tennessee, in order to attend the CORE workshop there and then
,	to join the Freedom Riders:
į	
1	3 marketing
1	
	in the state of th
	Informant advised that this trip would be made
1	,

On June 14, 1961, informant advised that he had been unable to develop any additional information and that, to the best of his knowledge, with the Cornell school year at an end, no further activity on behalf of the Freedom Rider movement would take place on the Cornell campus.

In addition to the information received, as set forth above, from Confidential Informant AL T-1, the following information was obtained through items appearing in the "Ithaca Journal," a daily newspaper published in Ithaca, New York.

The June 3, 1961 issue of this paper contained an article emanating from the Cornell Committee Against Segregation reflecting that 17 students, including two women, had volunteered to join the Freedom Riders and that tentative plans had been made to send one group South this week and another group the following week. The article goes on to state that instructions would be obtained from CORE on where and when to send the students, whose names were not identified, in this article. This article further sets forth information reporting that the three Cornell students previously arrested in Jackson, HAYNIE, GREEN and GRIFFITH, reportedly were on a hunger strike.

The June 6, 1961 issue of this paper contains an article reflecting that the above mentioned Freedom Riders "decided last night to give up their hunger strike temporarily, after becoming convinced that the terms of their fast were aimed at the wrong Government agency," The article goes on to state that these students said they had decided that their original goal of fasting until the Attorney General's Office secured an injunction to end all segregation in transportation facilities in the South was not necessarily the most effective means of achieving their goals and that "legal clarification has revealed that working through the ICC (Interstate Commerce Commission) constitutes a more effective means of achieving our stated objectives than the Federal injunction originally demanded." This article further DEL GREENBLATT as a Cornell graduate student, who was preparing to leave Ithaca on this date, by bus, for Nashville as the first of a second Cornell contingent of seven students who were willing to spend 67 days in jail.

The June 13, 1961 issue of the "Ithaca Journal" contained the results of interviews with CHARLES HAYNIE and JOE GRIFFITH by a reporter for this paper. This article dealt with the Freedom

Rider movement, the arrest and subsequent jailing of these two students and their subsequent hunger strike. HAYNIE, in commenting on the reaction of their jailors to their hunger strike, is quoted as stating: "They knew we weren't crazy and they knew we weren't Communists. They just couldn't figure it out."

The June 17, 1961 issue of this paper contained an item reflecting that two additional Cornell students, ELIZABETH S. MIRSCHFELD and ROBERT E. FILNER, were among a group of five Freedom Riders arrested on breach of peace charges at a bus station lunch counter in Jackson, Mississippi on June 16, 1961.

Unless otherwise noted, the following background and identifying information concerning the Cornell students and faculty members reported above as being associated with the Freedom Rider movement, was obtained from Registrar's Office, Cornell University.

RE:	
	at New York City, He
was admitted to Cornell Univer	rsity from Island Trees High School,
	mber, 1957 and is a student in the
	At the time of registration, he
listed his home address and t	
	New York.

Items appearing in the "Cornell Daily Sun," daily student newspaper published at Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, have identified BLUESTONE as a member of the Cornell Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy. (Issues of February 17, 1958, February 19, 1958 and March 17, 1958.)

An item appearing in the September 24, 1959 issue of this paper, reflected that the Action Party, a newly proposed political organization on the Cornell campus, was denied the right to use Willard Straight Hall facilities for signing up new members by the Student Government Executive Board. BLUESTONE was identified as Chairman of this Party and its platform is shown as including the abolition of compulsory ROTC, reduction in student cost of living, better student representation, and elimination of off-campus discrimination.

A letter to the editor of this paper, in its November 20, 1959 issue, signed by BLUESTONE, criticized the Loyalty Oath and Disclaimer Clause required by the National Defense Education Act and stated that interpretation of this act would vary with political pressures of the times and that freedom should be guaranteed by law and not depend on a politician's interpretation of it.

The March 3, 1961 issue of this paper listed DONALD BLUESTONE as one of the signers of a petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the House Committee on UnAmerican Activities (HCUA) as a standing committee,

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With reference to the Cornell Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy and the Action Party, mentioned above, Cornell University, has advised that neither group has ever succeeded in becoming active on the Cornell campus. The Committee for a Same Nuclear Policy has circulated petitions from time to time, whereas the Action Party, for all practical purposes, has gone out of existence stated that the purpose behind the Action Party was to affiliate all non-fraternity students into the one political pressure group in order to back for student officers those persons not connected with any Cornell fraternities or sonorities. RE: was born at Bangor, Maine, He was admitted to Cornell as a graduate student in September, 1959, Brunswick, Maine. At the time of his registration he listed his home address and that of his parent Bangor, Maine. EE: was born at New York City. He was admitted to Cornell in September, 1959, from Fieldston School, New York City, and is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences. At the time of registration he listed his home address and that of his parents,

CRAVEN was listed in the March 3, 1961 issue of the

New York City.

"Cornell Daily Sun;" as a signer of a petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.
RE:
wes born at Pittsburgh,
Pennsylvania. He was admitted to Cornell from _ yorest Hills High
School in September, 1959 in the College of Engineering. At the
time of registration he listed his home address and that of his parent
York. Doors, serron.
RE:
was born at New York City. He was
was born at New York City, He was
admitted to Cornell in September of 1957 from the Bronx High School
of Science and is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences.
At the time of registration he listed his home address and that of his parent.  New York City.
UL HELD FIGURE FOR THE PARTY OF
According to the March 3, 1961 issue of the "Cornell
Daily Sun," FOSS is listed as one of the signers of a petition
to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.
THE -
RE:
was born at New York City. He
was admitted to Cornell from Nyack High School in September, 1957
and is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences. At the
time of registration, he listed his home address and that of his
parent. New York. Zen
RE:
was born at New York City and was
admitted to Cornell in September, 1955 from the High School of
Music and Art in New York City. He received an A.B. Degree,
June 15, 1959 and is presently enrolled as a graduate student.
At the time of registration he listed his home address and that
New York City.
NEW YORK CILLY:
The March 17, 1958 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun."

included a statement originating in the 'New York Times" in November, 1957, "For Abolition of Nuclear Testing." This statement was submitted by the Cornell Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy and GREEN was listed as one of the signers of this statement.

	GREEN is listed in the March 3, 1961 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," as one of the signers of a petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.
	RE
	was born New
	York. She was admitted to Cornell in September, 1959 from Brooklys College. At the time of registration she listed her home address
	and that of her parent.  Brooklyn, New York.
	was reported, in February, 1960, as a member of the Sane Nuclear
	Policy Club at Brooklyn College, New York, at the time this club was chartered on April 8, 1959.
	parent, above, is reported to have become a member of
	the IWO in February, 1946 and was expelled from the IWO in March, 1948.
	The IWO (International Workers Order) has
	been designated by the Attorney General of
	the United States, pursuant to Executive Order 10450.
,	RE: Provide the South of the So
_	RE: Fry White Land in
L	was born
•	Oklahoma'. He was admitted to Cornell from the University of Pennsylvania as a graduate student in the Fall of 1959. At the
	time of registration, he listed his parent as
	Texas.
	On June 15, 1961 Alumni Records Office, University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania,
<u>,</u>	advised SA that attended
7'	

and criticism

the graduate school of the University of Pennsylvania from September, 1956 to May, 1957, working toward his Ph.D. Degree in Chemistry. At that time he was employed by the American Viscose Corporation. Marcus Hook, Pennsylvania, and resided at Pennsylvania.  was listed as residing at the same address.
RE:
was born  York. He was admitted to Cornell in September of 1954 from the University of Minnesota and was awarded a B.S. Degree in Engineer- ing Physics  He is presently a graduate student. At the time of registration  I isted his home address and that of his parent,  New York.
The December 12, 1960 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," contained an article concerning a new campus magazine called "Controversy." HAYNIE was listed as one of the editors of this magazine.
With respect to the magazine, "Controversy," issues of this publication made available by Cornell University, reveal that as the name implies, it deals with general controversial items. During the past year its issues have dealt with the Cuban question, and have been generally favorable to the

The April 5, 1961 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," contains a letter to the editor signed by HAYNIE, as Chairman of the Cornell Students for Abolition of the HCUA.

on the HCUA.

CASTRO regime as well as disarmament, control of nuclear testing

The March 3, 1961 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," lists HAYNIE as one of the signers of the petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.

RE:			Mike S.S.	LA CALL
<u> </u>		7/ /	<i></i>	
	was	boxn		New York.

She was admitted to Cornell in the College of Arts and Sciences
in September, 1954 from Kingswood High School, Bloomfield Hills,
Michigan. She was awarded an A.B. Degree, and is
presently a graduate student. At the time of registration at
Cornell she listed her home address and that of her parent,
Detroit, Michigan.
RE:
On June 5, 1961,
Cornell University, advised that faculty personnel
files reflect that was born in in New York City, and
On September 1. 1960. he was
of Cornell University
Prior to this time he
Pennsylvania State from
from Brooklyn College from Brown
University Ohio State University
On June 12, 1961, Office of the
Registrar. Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, advised SA
that records of this office reflect that
entered graduate school at Ohio State on and
was graduated Accord-
ing to these records was born in
(city not indicated). His home address was listed as Brooklyn,
New York and his parent was identified as Brooklyn,
New York. These records further reflect that he previously
received an from Brooklyn College and an
Brown University
Graduate School_Office. Ohio
State University, advised that her files reflect home
address as Brooklyn, New York, and his local
Columbus, Ohio address, while a student at Ohio State, as
He previously resided at
Providence, Rhode Island. He is registered with Local Draft Board

·
RE:
was admitted to Cornell from the Bronx High School of Science in
September, 1951. He received an A.B. Degree on and
is presently a At the time of registration he
listed his home address and that of his parent,
New-York-City, Ny Lay Fines.
RE:
was born at Brooklyn, New York and
was admitted to Cornell from James Madison High School in
September of 1960 in the College of Arts and Sciences. At the time of registration she listed her home address and that of her
parent, Brooklyn, New
York.
According to an item in the March 3, 1961 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," LAZARUS is listed as one of the signers of a petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.  RE:
was born at New York City. He was admitted to Cornell from Oceanside Senior High School; Ocean-
side, New York, in September, 1959, in the New York State College
of Agriculture. At the time of registration he listed his home
address and that of his parent, New York.
New Tork.
According to an item appearing in the March 3, 1961 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," MITCHELL is listed as one of the signers of a petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.
RE:
was born at New York City. He was
radmitted to Cornell in September, 1960, with advanced credit from

,	the Science High School in New York City and is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences. At the time of registration, he listed his home address and that of his parent, New York City.
	According to an item appearing in the March 3, 1961 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun", MOSS is listed as one of the signers of a petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.
	RE:
	was born at New York City. She Was admitted to Cornell from Forrest Hills High School, Forrest Hills, New York, in September, 1958 and is a student in the College of Arts and Sciences. At the time of registration she listed her home address and that of her parent.  New York.
	According to an item appearing in the March 3, 1961 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," PHILLIPS is listed as one of the signers of a petition to the 87th Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.  RE:
	was born Pennsylvania.
	was born Pennsylvania.  She was admitted to Cornell as a graduate student in the Fall of
	1960 from Reed College. At the time of registration she listed
	her home address and that of her parent.
,	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania.
	RE:
	was born Ohio. He was admitted to Cornell in the College of Arts and Sciences in
	September, 1957 from Shaker High School. At the time of regis-
	tration he listed his home address and that of his parent,
	Ohio., p/
	RE:

	570 G. hassari			1
Jersev He	was born was admitted to	Commodil de Com	An an angle of the second seco	New
ogmeginite:	Dewitt High School	l as a student	in the Sahe	1 05
engrueerrug	rnysics. At the	time of regie	tration he l	isted b
monte andres	s and that of his	parent as	1000	
DeWitt, New	York.			
RE:			,	
enio empiro				
	was born		at New York	City A
He was admi	tted to Cornell fr	om Stuyvesant	Wigh School	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN
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erme or regi	istration he liste	ed his home ad	dress and th	at of hi
Sarenc's		The second		
New York.			•	
RE:				
THE PARTY NAME OF			<b>V</b>	•
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was admitted	to Cornell in th	e College of A	it New York (	3200 8-
nahramnar, 1	.YJO IIOM RVe High	School. At t	the time of t	
tion he list	ed his home addre	ss and that of	his parent	
		New Yo	rk.	
Te	ence of the lia-		<b>81 a</b>	
STERLING as	sues of the "Corn	err Daily Sun,	" have ident	ified
were right off of	Chairman of the Constant of th	id notignanow	alon lines o	PRITTING TO SECOND
as one of th	e signers of a pe	tition to the	87th Concres	TEKLING
eliminate th	e HCUA as a stand:	ing committee.	oren congres	5 <b>L</b> U
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Trom Cooper	to Cornell as a g Union School of Er	graduate stude Ogineering: A	nt in Septem	ber, 19
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Cornell University, advised that Cornell factiles reflect that was born place	culty
listed. He was	<u>pot</u>
	`
According to an Item appearing in the March 3, 196 issue of the "Cornell Daily Sun," DAVIS is listed as one of faculty members of Cornell who signed a petition to the 87t Congress to eliminate the HCUA as a standing committee.	1
AT MIDDLEBURY, VERMONT	
The following investigation was conducted by SA	
The "Rutland Daily Herald", a daily newspaper publin Rutland, Vermont, in its issue of May 27, 1961, carried story relating that students of Middlebury College, Middlebury Vermont, deploring the arrest of Freedom Riders in the Southheld a spur-of-the-moment rally on May 26, 1961.	<b>a</b>
On June 2, 1961,	
Middlebury College, advised that the above gathering or May 26, 1961, at the College gymnasium, was a spontaneous	
sectioning stimulated by a collection how placed in the standar	)Ė
Union Building for contributions to aid the Freedom Riders jailed in Alabama and organized by	1/67
stated that he had been informed that a ju	nior,
had indicated that he planned to go South and join the Freed Riders.	lom
On Town 0 1061	
On June 2, 1961, Middlebury College, advised that on May 17, 1961, he arrange	ب
mave Reverend William Sloane MOFFIN. TR: Chanlein at volo	
outversity, speak at the college. He came a talk on his arm	eriences
- State and Allica, Quille Fire Simmer of 1960 and olda chales of	Tanana
the Congress on Racial Equality, and the work that organizat had planned in effort to end segregation in the South. According	* ~ ~

e,		when during the following week it was learned							
through the press that Reverend COFFIN had been among thos									
		as a Freedom Rider, it was decided to take							
	up a collection to	aid him and others who had been jailed and							
	to hold a meeting o	concerning these arrests.							
		advised that							
	student leader	home address							
	Texas, se	rved as master of cermonies at this meeting							
	and that	Sociology and							
<i>*</i>	Anthropology and								
		spoke at the meeting.							
	a junior, was the	only student who, after the meeting, said							
	that he was serious	ly considering going South as a Freedom -							
- /	Rider. He told	that he had/received an appli-							
cation blank from CORE in this regard.									
•	files reflect that	was born at							
	Muncie, Indiana, E								
	to a most of spring and and the property of the to	His home address is							
	New York.								
	Mew TOTK.								

### AT ALBANY, NEW YORK

The "Knickerbocker News," daily newspaper published at Albany, New York, in its issue of June 7, 1961, contained two articles relative to the Freedom Rider movement. One article reflects that the Capitol Area Council of Churches had voted to solicit funds through its member churches "to support a Freedom Rider from Albany to the South" and that if a local person could not be found for this purpose, the funds obtained were to be turned over to Chaplain WILLIAM COFFIN of Yale University for use of Freedom Rider expenses. The second article indicated that the Reverend DORMAN AVERY, Negro Associate Minister of the Temple Baptist Church, Albany, had volunteered to go South as a Freedom Rider next month, as a representative of the Capitol Area Council of Churches.

The "Albany Times Union," a daily newspaper published at Albany, New York, in its issue of June 12, 1961, carried an

	article reflecting that two Albany Negro ministers had volunteered
	to go South as Freedom Riders, as representatives of the Western
	New York Conference of the Ame Zion Church. These riders were
`	identified as follows:
	APPROX.
	Reverend EDWARD_C.ZMORTON:
re bole	Assistant Pastor
10g	of the Walls Temple Ame Zion Church.
A	B. APPROX
_	Reverend SESLIE L. SMITH: B. APPROX
	born in
[	and Pastor of the Sojourn of Truth Ame Zion Church in
_	Albany. My File

The "Knickerbocker News" issue of June 13, 1961, carried an article reflecting that the Reverends MORTON and SMITH had left that day to join a new group of Freedom Riders along with the Reverend DONALD ALSTORK, 41, Minister of Dyer Phelps Ame Zion Church, Saratoga Springs, New York. This article reflects that CORE is assisting these men in financing their trip.

The "Knickerbocker News" issue of June 17, 1961, reflected that Reverend SMITH, identified above, was arrested at Ocala, Florida, on June 16, 1961, when testing the segregated facilities at the Greyhaund Bus Station in that community. He was later released upon bail posted by CORE.



In Reply, Please Refer to File No.

9 3. . . 1

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Albany, New York

ME 47 1961

.Title

PREEBUS

Character

RACIAL MATTERS

Reference

Report of SA PETER F. MAXSON dated

JUL 17 1961

All sources (except any listed below) used in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED ... HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside



FBI



Date: 7/17/61
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Transmit	the	following	in	
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PLAIN TEXT

(Type in plain text or code)

AIR MAIL

(Priority or Method of Mailing)

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI (95-97032)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED.

FROM:

SAC, NEW ORLEANS (157-264B)

DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

SUBJECT:

FREEBUS

FREEDOM RIDERS MISC:

Re New Orleans airtel to Bureau dated 7/10/61.

The following are cumulative costs incurred in this case in the New Orleans Division as of close of business 7/15/61:

Overtime Hours Regular Hours

Agents Clerical

Miles driven: 4,323

Additional toll calls amounting to \$126.20 have been billed on Jackson, Miss., telephone 355-6387.

34Bureau 2-New Orleans

DLH: emz

REC- 12

15 JUL 19 1961

do Wick

Special Agent in Charge

b6 b7C

SAC. New York (157-391)

July 19, 1961

REC- 66

Director, FBI (157-373)

157-387-70181

FREEBUS

RACIAL MATTERS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SABYSTW

Re report of SA Peter F. Maxson, 7/17/61, at New Orleans.

New York should immediately submit a report setting forth background information indicating the subversive connections of the Cornell students.

Information concerning the subversive backgrounds of the parents or members of the families of these students should be set forth.

- 1 New Orleans (157-264) (For information)
- A- Albany (157-21) (For information)

NOTE: Referenced Albany report indicates that the Cornell students named above either participated or were active in promutgating freedom rides from Cornell University. The administrative pages of the report indicate Communist Party or subversive organization membership on the part of the parents of these students. The information was not included in the report since Albany was not in possession of the source material. New York is being requested to submit a report showing the subversive character of the relatives of the students connected with the freedom rides.

RBL: jam
(6)

MAILED 27

JUL 10 1961

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All.



Mr. Conrad.
Mr. DeLocah
Mr. Evans
Mr. Malone
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Trotter
Tele. Room
Mr. Ingram

Mr. Tolson... Mr. Belmont.

Mr. Mohr.

Miss Gandy.

Mr. Callahan

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE 10-26-2009 BY 60324 UC BAW/SAB/STW

FREEDOM RIDERS - MISCELLANEOUS

URGENT 7-20-61 1-23 PM EST RLH

TO-DIRECTOR, FBI, SAC, NEW ORLEANS AND SAC, MEMPHIS

FROM-SAC, ATLANTA /157-232/

FREEBUS, PATTERS LEE, SOUTHERN CHRISTIAN LEADERSHIP CONTREPLINGER, ADVISED THIS DATE FOUR WHITE

STUDENTS IDENTIFIED AS

LEAVING NASHVILLE, TENN., FIVE

FIFTEEN PM, JULY TWENTY BY GREYHOUND BUS TO ARRIVE JACKSON, MISS., FIVE THIRTYFIVE AM, JULY TWENTYONE NEXT. THESE WHITE INDIVIDUALS WILL ENTER NEGRO WAITING ROOM TO TEST FACILITIES. THEY EXPECT ARREST. MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS ADVISE APPROPRIATE AUTHORITIES.

END AND ACKSSSSSSSSSSS

JA 2-26 PM OK FBI WA RAM

NO OK-FBI NO SAS

ME OK FBI ME KGF

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